



HALLCOTM
INDUSTRIES, INC.

Owner's Manual:

i-2000 and i-3000 SERIES FRONT MOUNT LIVE FLOORTM CONVEYING SYSTEMS

One-Way (i-2300/i-3300) and Two-Way (i-2400/i-3400)

West Coast USA

6605 Ammunition Road
P.O. Box 505
Tillamook, OR 97141
Ph. 800-542-5526
Ph. 503-842-8886
Fax: 503-842-4866

Central USA

8276 Hwy. 16 North
Poteet, TX 78065
Ph. 877-425-5261
Ph. 830-742-8441
Fax: 830-742-8682

East Coast USA

480 Millrun Rd.
Salisbury, NC 28144
Ph. 800-230-0190
Ph. 704-636-4122
Fax: 704-636-1644

Hydraulic Module Specifications


	i-2000	i-3000
One Way	i-2300	i-3300
Two Way	i-2400	i-3400
Shaft Diameter	1.5 inch [38.1 mm]	1.5 inch [38.1 mm]
Cylinder Diameter	3 inches [76.2 mm]	3.5 inches [88.9 mm]
Stroke	9-1/4 inches [235 mm]	9-1/4 inches [235 mm]
Maximum Pressure	3000 psi [207 Bar]	3000 psi [207 Bar]
Maximum Flow Rate	25 gal/min [95 l/min]	30 gal/min [114 l/min]
Load Capacity	15 Ton [13 Tonne]	20 Ton [18 Tonne]

Theoretical Unload Times

28 ft. [8.5 m] Container. Actual unload times vary.						
Oil Flow (GPM [LPM])	Cycle Time (seconds)		Convey Speed (ft./min. [m/min.])		Unloading Time (minutes)	
	i-2000	i-3000	i-2000	i-3000	i-2000	i-3000
10 [38]	8.9	N/A	5.2 [1.59]	N/A	5.5	N/A
11 [42]	8.0	N/A	5.8 [1.75]	N/A	4.8	N/A
12 [45]	7.5	N/A	6.2 [1.88]	N/A	4.5	N/A
13 [49]	6.9	N/A	6.7 [2.05]	N/A	4.2	N/A
14 [53]	6.4	N/A	7.3 [2.21]	N/A	3.8	N/A
15 [57]	5.9	8.4	7.8 [2.38]	5.5 [1.68]	3.6	5.1
16 [61]	5.5	7.9	8.4 [2.55]	5.9 [1.79]	3.3	4.8
17 [64]	5.3	7.4	8.8 [2.67]	6.2 [1.90]	3.2	4.5
18 [68]	5.0	7.0	9.3 [2.84]	6.6 [2.01]	3.0	4.2
19 [72]	4.7	6.6	9.9 [3.01]	7.0 [2.13]	2.8	4.0
20 [76]	4.4	6.3	10.4 [3.18]	7.3 [2.24]	2.7	3.8
21 [79]	4.3	6.0	10.8 [3.30]	7.7 [2.35]	2.6	3.6
22 [83]	4.1	5.7	11.4 [3.47]	8.1 [2.46]	2.5	3.5
23 [87]	3.9	5.5	11.9 [3.63]	8.4 [2.57]	2.3	3.3
24 [91]	3.7	5.2	12.5 [3.80]	8.8 [2.69]	2.2	3.2
25 [95]	3.6	5.0	13.0 [3.97]	9.2 [2.80]	2.1	3.1
26 [98]	N/A	4.8	N/A	9.5 [2.91]	N/A	2.9
27 [102]	N/A	4.7	N/A	9.9 [3.02]	N/A	2.8
28 [106]	N/A	4.5	N/A	10.3 [3.13]	N/A	2.7
29 [110]	N/A	4.3	N/A	10.6 [3.25]	N/A	2.6
30 [114]	N/A	4.2	N/A	11.0 [3.36]	N/A	2.5

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Safety & Operational Decals

Before operating the LIVE FLOOR™ system make sure the safety and operational decals that come with kit #99-5521 are installed on the container per the decal placement guide found with the kit.


The placement guide looks like this:



HALLCO™ INDUSTRIES, INC.


FRONT MOUNT SAFETY AND OPERATIONAL DECAL PLACEMENT GUIDE

#99-4400




Qty 2

#99-4806




Qty 2

#99-48073

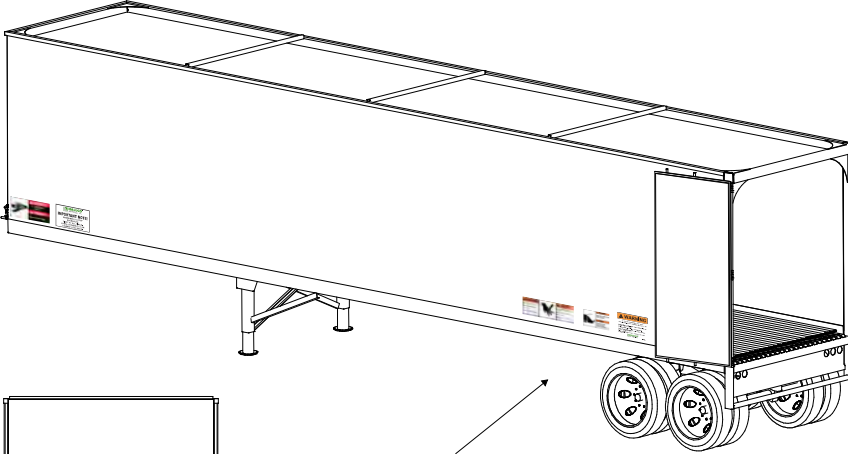


Qty 2

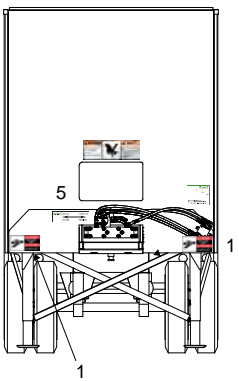
#99-4808



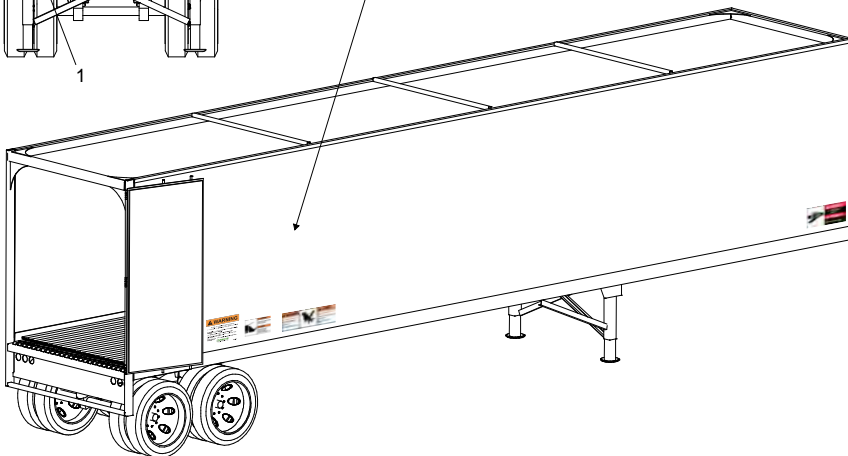
Qty 34



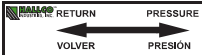
Rear decals must be visible with the doors completely open!



Place Hallco logo decal on rear door.




#99-4399




Qty 15

#99-4398




Qty 16

#99-44017




Qty 1

#99-4809



Qty 1



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Doc # 99-5521-A

AVOID the product hazards shown on this page DURING FLOOR MOVEMENT or personal injury or death WILL occur.

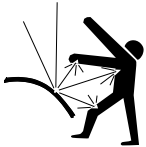
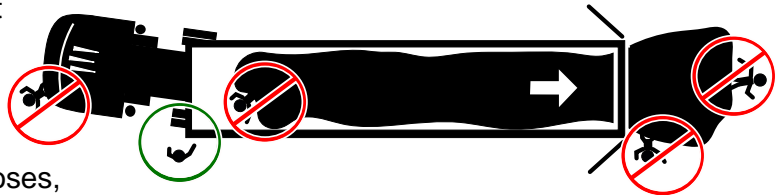


Product Hazards

The discharge end of a Live Floor conveyor and in front of the vehicle during operation when a load is at the discharge end.



The space between the front wall and an object or pile on the floor that is near the front wall.



Damaged or cut hydraulic hoses, fittings or tubing. A small hole in a hose or fitting will produce a stream of fluid that can pierce the skin injecting oil into your blood.



The space between slat ends and the front wall.

The area between the triggers and the surrounding framework.

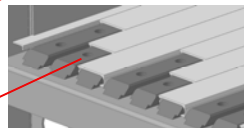
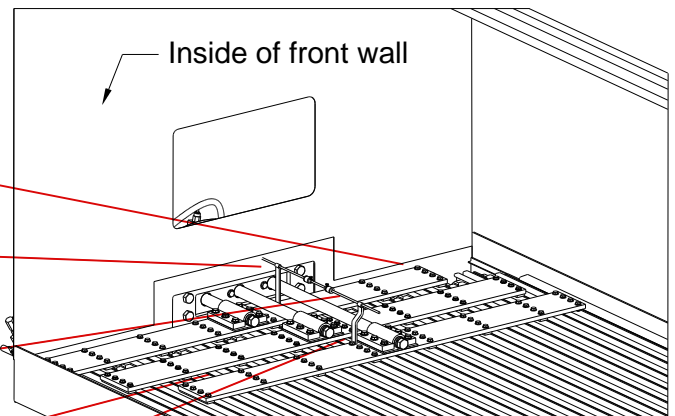
The area between the triggers and the switching rod bumpers.

The space between cross-drive beams.

The area between clamps.

The bolt hole in the hold down blocks.

The end of the slats and the front wall.



AVOID the product hazards listed on this page while hydraulic FLUID IS FLOWING TO the floor system or personal injury or death MAY occur.



NOTICE

Do these things to prevent property damage:

For warranty purposes, get approval from the Original Equipment Manufacturer prior to welding or drilling on their product (trailer, etc.).

Cover the shaft chrome before welding or painting nearby. Remove covering before operating the system.

Support hoses and protect them against abrasion from contact between other components.

Install a filter in the return line as close to the tank as possible before operating the floor system.

Install a high pressure filter in the pressure line between the pump and the conveyor system before operation.

Make sure the system pressure never exceeds the maximum pressure specified in this manual.

Monitor the oil temperature during operation to prevent it from exceeding 180 deg. F (82 deg. C).

Operate the Live Floor in the unload mode only when the discharge doors are open.

Watch the space between the front wall and the load while operating the Live Floor in the load mode. Stop the conveyor if it is in the load mode and the load is touching the front wall.

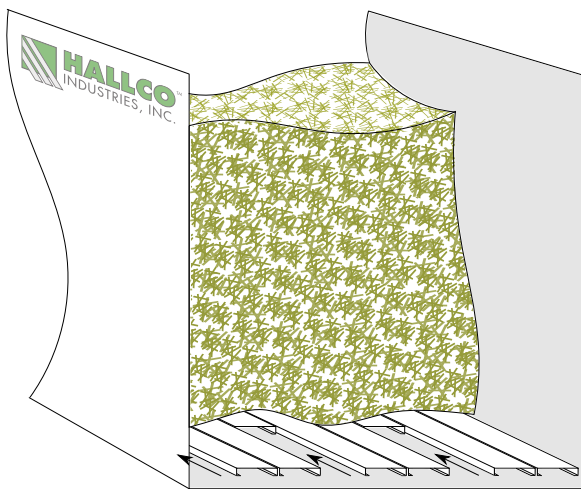
Deck bolts must be re-torqued after the first 5-10 loads! Failure to do this will result in damage to the slats and drive unit!!!

What a Live Floor™ Conveyor Is and How it Works

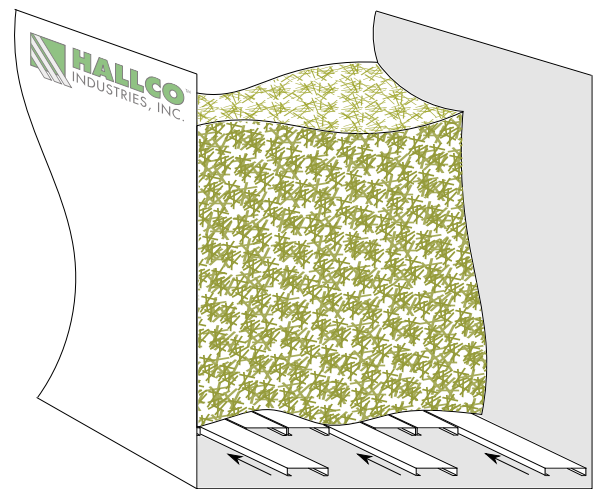
A Live Floor conveyor is made of multiple slats or boards that are as long as the conveyor. The slats are arranged side by side and all at the same level so they cover the entire width of the floor. They don't move up and down or side to side, only back and forth.

Entire trailer loads are unloaded at once by: Conveying all of the slats together in one direction for a stroke; Keeping two thirds of the slats stationary and retracting one third at a time under the load to their original position; Then conveying all of the slats together again.

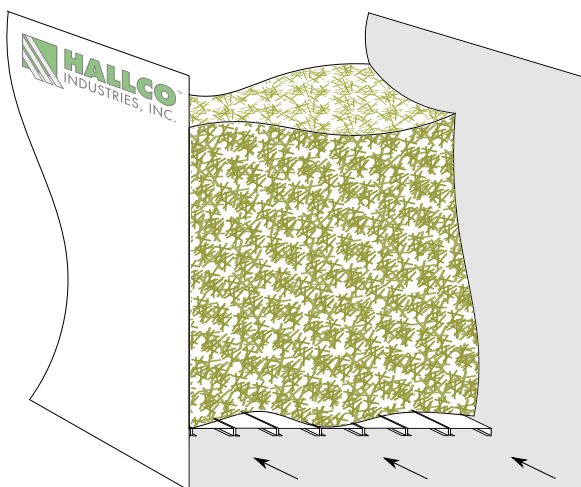
The slats are divided into three groups and each group is driven by a hydraulic cylinder. There are very few moving parts.



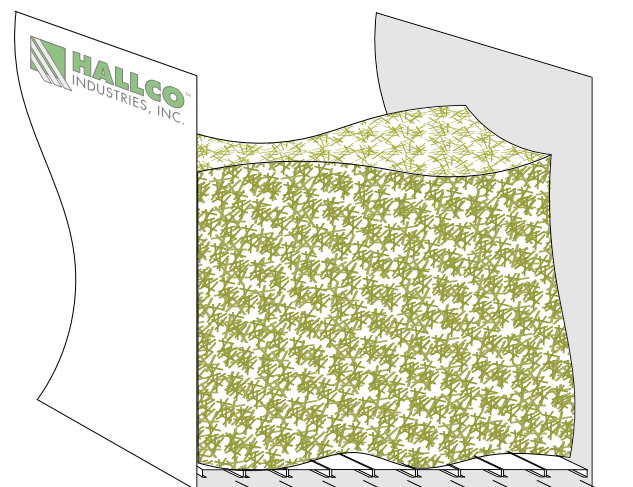
First Group Retract



Second Group Retract

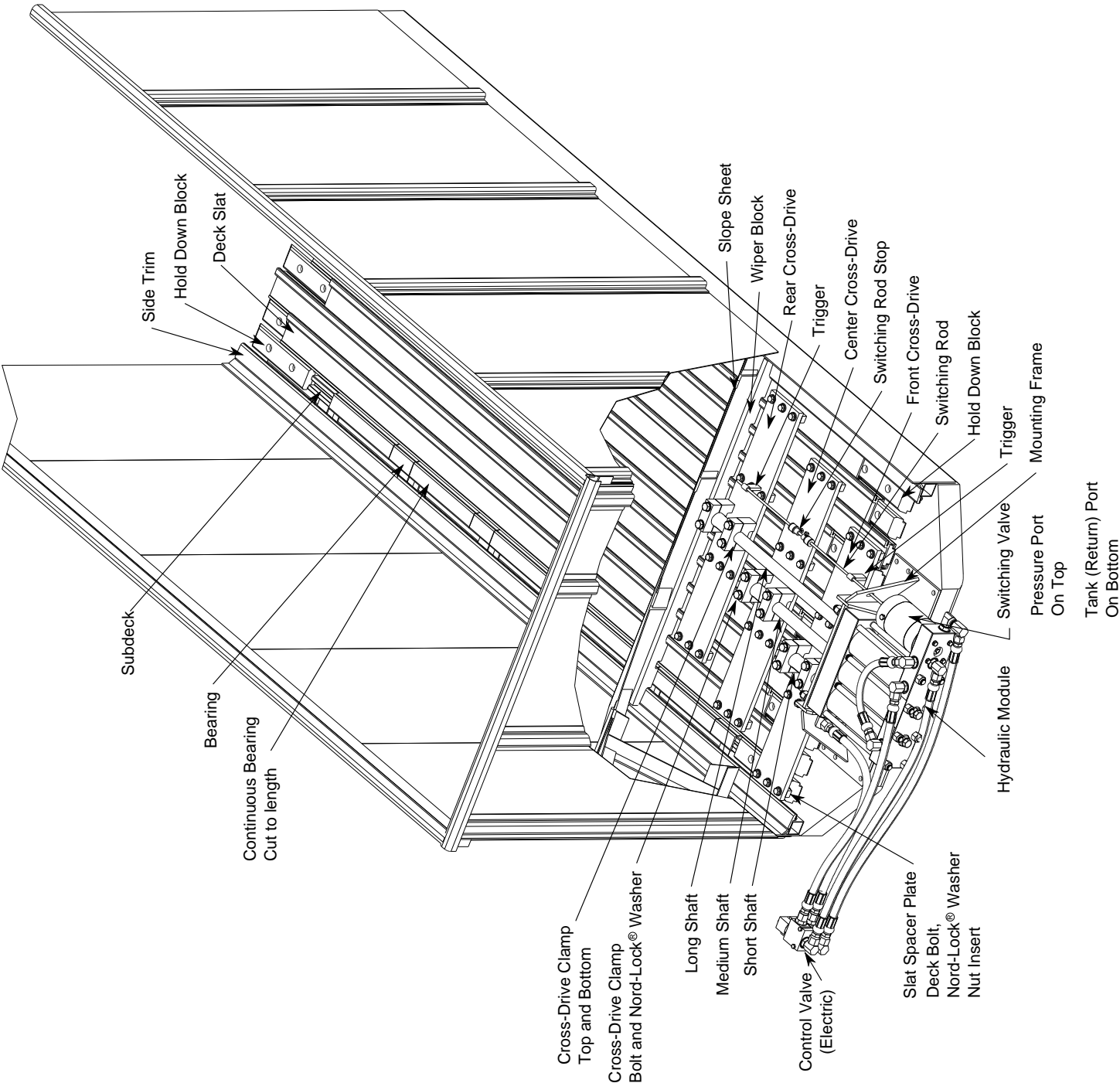


Third Group Retract



All Groups Convey Together

What a Live Floor™ Conveyor Is and How it Works



Hydraulic System Requirements

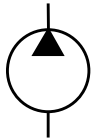


Anti-Wear (AW). Viscosity of ISO 46 or 68 Petroleum OR Mineral base.
Moisture content, H₂O < 1%



< 180°F [82°C]

Fluid Temperature:



Pump:

Pump must be a Gear, Vane or Piston type that will pump no more than 25 gpm [95 Lpm] at a full 3000 psi [207 Bar].

Pump must be matched to its power source. Drive it directly or through a PTO. Consult a hydraulic expert to determine the required motor/engine power.

Summary:

Flow ≤ 25 gpm [95 Lpm]

Pressure ≥ 3000 psi [207 bar]

Power Source ≥ Enough for the Flow and Pressure

Speed: Motor or PTO ↔ Pump

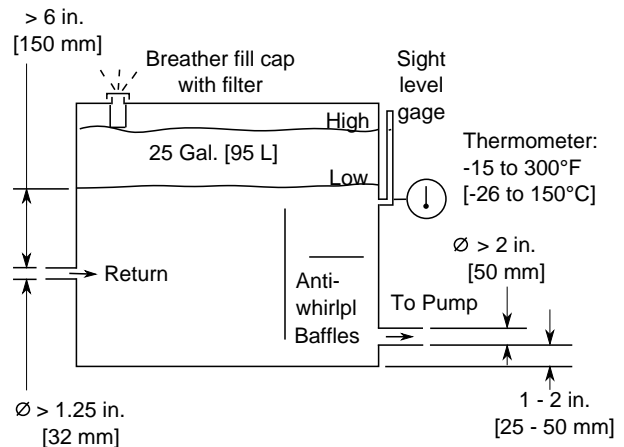


Tank/
Reservoir:

Use a reservoir that has all of these features:

- 25 gal. [95 L] minimum capacity.
- Inlet diameter greater than 1.25 in [32 mm].
- Outlet diameter greater than 2 in [50mm].
- Turbulence reducer on Return inlet.
- Pump supply outlet near the bottom.
- Whirlpool prevention on the outlet.
- Filler cap with breather and filter.
- Visible fluid level gage.
- Visible thermometer.

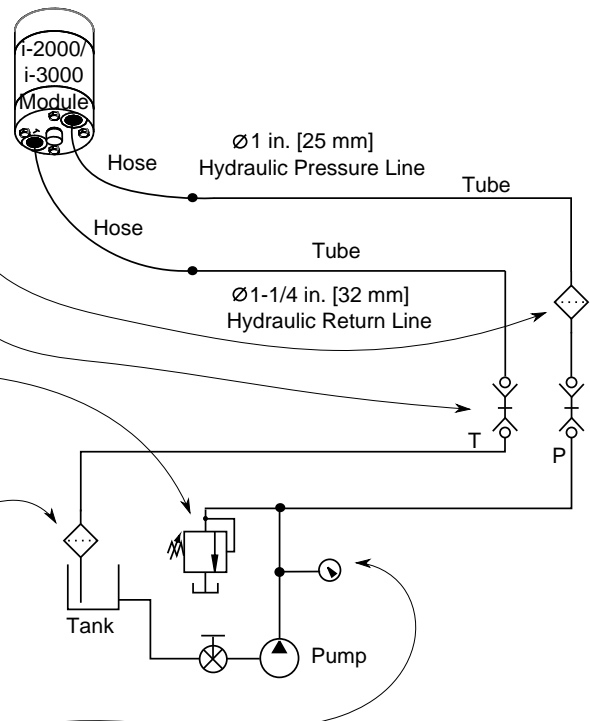
Location and specification information is shown in the sketch to the right.



Hydraulic
Supply
Circuit

Use all of these features.

- (Optional) 75 micron Pressure Filter rated to handle the maximum system pressure and flow.
- Quick Connects that are matched and rated for the maximum system pressure and flow rate.
- Pressure Relief Valve set at 3000 psi [207 Bar] and rated to handle at least the maximum pump output flow.
- 25 micron Return Filter rated to handle more than 1.5 times the maximum pump flow and at least 750 psi pressure. Place it as close to the tank as possible. Make the hydraulic line between the filter and the tank at least 1-1/4" [32 mm] diameter and as short as possible to prevent filter failure.
- Visible Pressure Gage. 0 to 5000 psi [0 to 350 bar]. Glycerin filled.



Hallco recommends consulting a hydraulic specialist to design the hydraulic supply system.

Operation & Maintenance

⚠ DANGER

Avoid these hazards when the floor is moving:



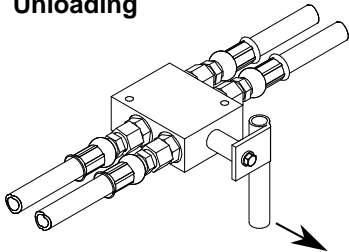
The space between cross-drive beams.

The end of the slats and the front wall.

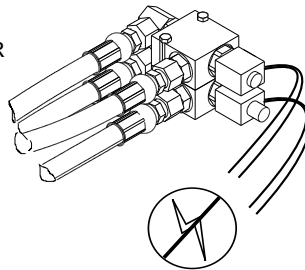


Damaged or cut hydraulic hoses, fittings or tubing. A small hole in a hose or fitting will produce a stream of fluid that can pierce the skin injecting oil into your blood.

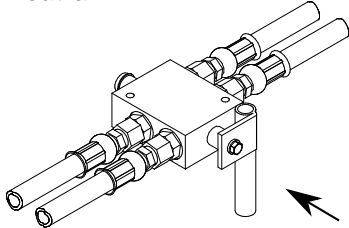
Unloading



OR



Neutral

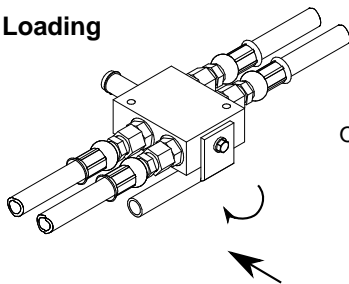


⚠ WARNING

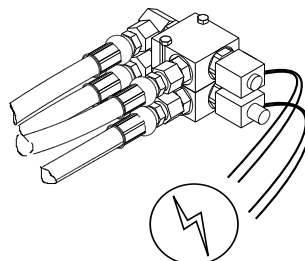


Floor may creep when valve is in Neutral and there is no load. Stop PTO or turn off shutoff valve to completely turn off floor.

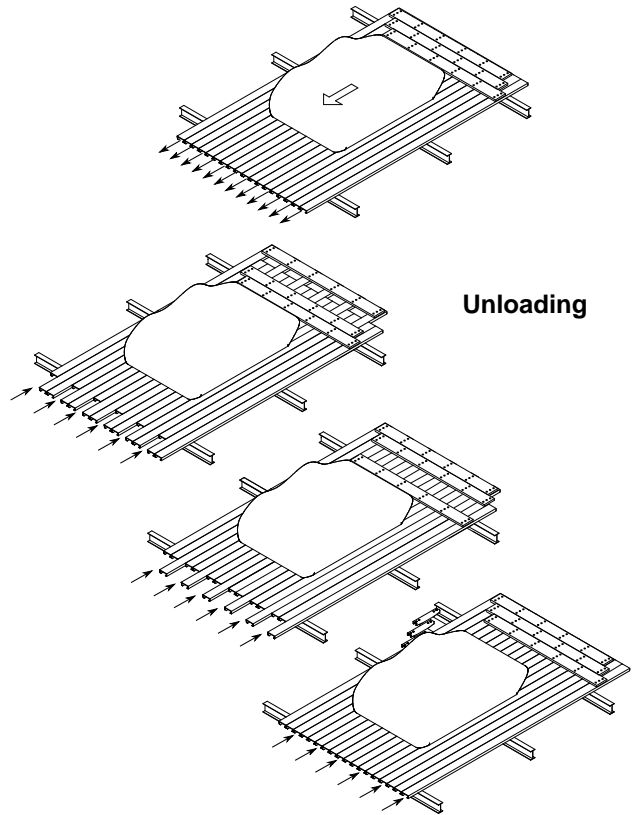
Loading



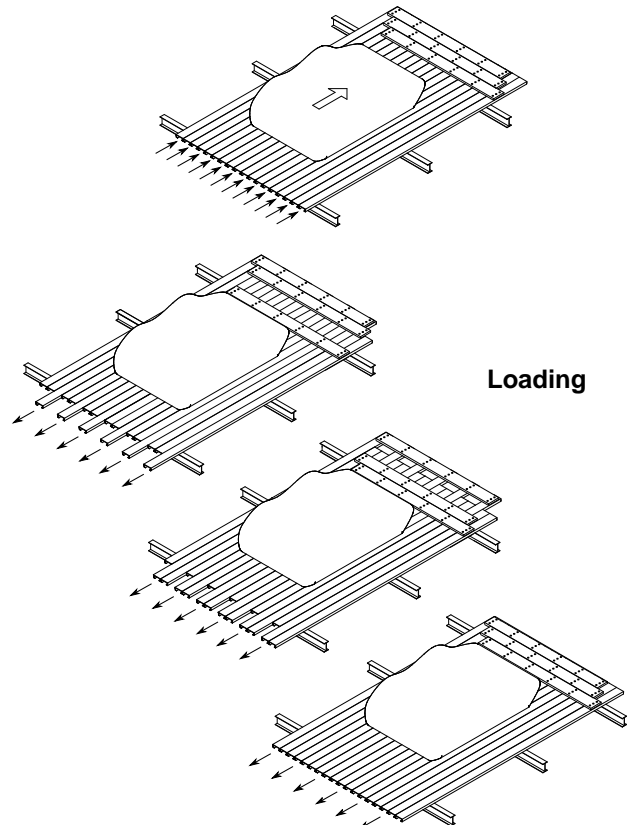
OR



Unloading



Loading



Operation & Maintenance

Inspect your floor regularly in order to monitor wear and to prevent further damage if damage has already occurred. The following is a list of critical areas to inspect:

Deck Bolts:

The deck bolts connecting the deck slats to the cross drives must be kept tight at all times! Loose deck bolts will damage your deck and cross-drive shoes. The torque of the deck bolts must be checked on a regular basis and at least after the first 5 to 10 loads. Re-torque to:

1/2" [13 mm] diameter bolts torque to 80 ft-lbs [108 N-m].

Decking:

Inspect for wear or damage.

Bearings:

Inspect for wear or damage.

Hydraulic Plumbing:

Inspect the hydraulic system for leaks and abrasion. Maintain reservoir minimum/maximum levels.

Floor Structure:

Inspect the floor structure including hydraulic module mount and framework, hydraulic shafts, shaft-to-cross drive connections, cross drives, and sub-deck for damage and wear.

Hydraulic Module:

Inspect the hydraulic module for leaks, loose mounting bolts, loose manifold bolts, worn wipers and seals, and pitted/worn/damaged shafts.

Check the torque of the tie bolts, anchor bolts and clamp bolts regularly and at least after the first 5-10 loads.

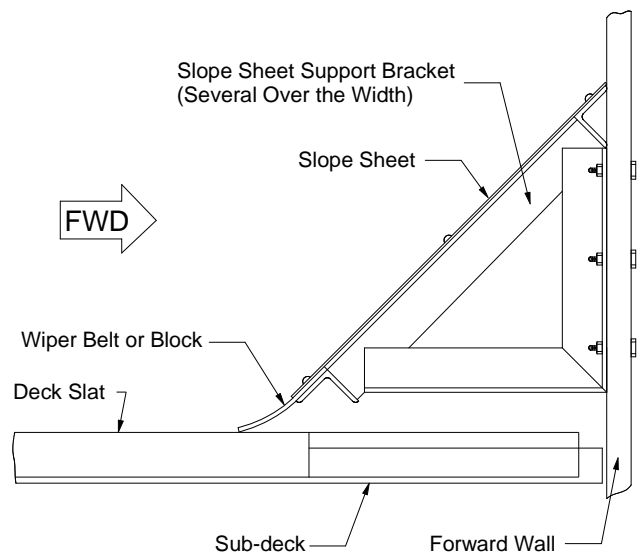
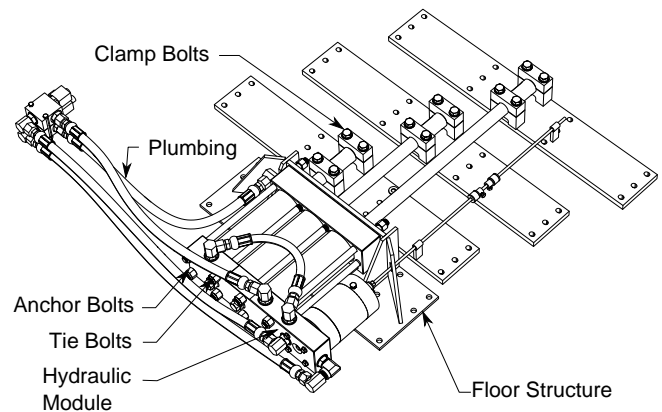
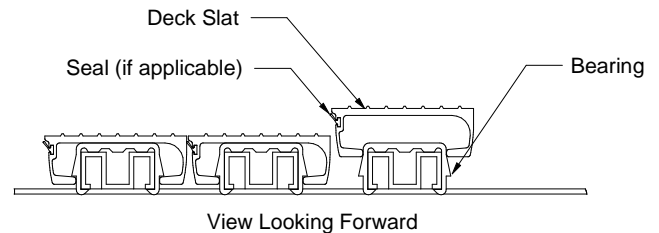
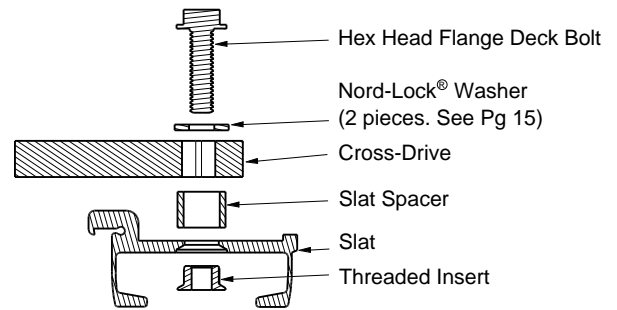
Tie Bolts Torque: 150 ft-lbs [203 N-m]

Anchor Bolts Torque: 150 ft-lbs [203 N-m]

Clamp Bolts Torque: 120 ft-lbs [163 N-m]

Sloped Sheet & Wiper:

Make sure the sloped sheet is in good condition and that the wiper attached to the sloped sheet is keeping the gap between the forward wall and the end of the decking clear of material which could cause the floor to bind.



Troubleshooting

In the "Trouble" column below, find the description that best matches the trouble you are experiencing with the Live Floor™ system. The Item # columns refer to the pictures on the following page. A dark cell means that the item is a suspected cause of the trouble described in that row.

If the suspect is a hydraulic part, measure its temperature using an infrared thermometer or similar device while the system is running to see if it is warmer than the other hydraulic parts. A hydraulic component that is damaged and bypassing oil will heat up a lot faster than the other hydraulic parts in the system.

Check the performance of each suspected component. Verify that it meets the minimum requirements listed for it in this manual. Check it for visible damage and/or interference from other parts.

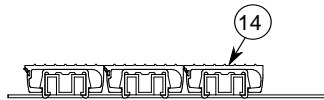
		Hydraulic Pump	Pressure Relief Valve	Tank/Reservoir	Quick Connect Couplers	Switching Rod Bumpers	Control Valve	Pistons/Cylinders	Cross-Drive Beams	Front Poppet #1	Front Poppet #2	Rear Poppet #1	Rear Poppet #2	Slat ends at front wall.	Slat	Pressure Filter	Return Filter	Hose Routing (Plumbing)	Switching Valve
Trouble	Item #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
The slats won't move and the floor is loaded. I don't want to use a shovel!		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓					✓				✓	
The slats move much slower than normal when the floor is loaded. The speed looks fine when there is no load.		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓											✓
The slats move separately when they should travel together. *						✓								✓					
When the slats should be retracting separately, the first cross-drive retracts, the second retracts and the third tries to move and can't or moves very slowly. Everything works fine when the control valve is switched to move the load in the opposite direction.											✓		✓						
When the slats should be retracting separately, the first cross-drive retracts, then the second cross-drive tries to move and can't or moves very slowly. Everything works fine when the control valve is switched to move the load in the opposite direction.										✓		✓							
The hydraulic fluid is overheating within 15 minutes of operation.		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓											✓
The slats reach their end of stroke and nothing happens. When I shut the power to the system off and turn it back on, the floor may cycle or move once but it always gets stuck at one end even though the pump sounds like it is pumping fluid at the maximum pressure.						✓													
The slats move together all the time. It doesn't make a difference if I push the control valve handle all the way in or pull it all the way out.							✓											✓	

* The load on the floor works to keep the slats all moving together. If there is no load on the floor it doesn't take much extra friction on one cross-drive to keep it from moving with the rest. Most of the time this trouble is fixed by loading the floor.

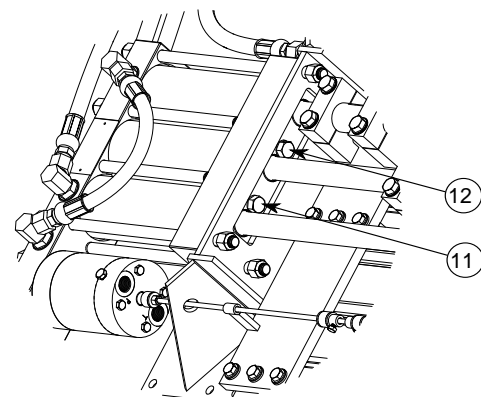
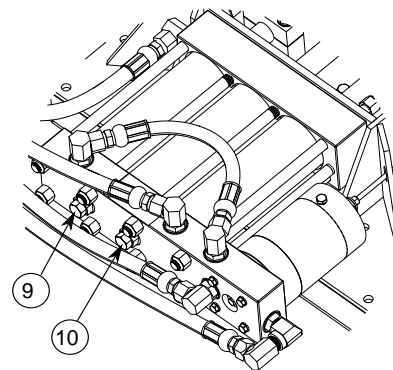
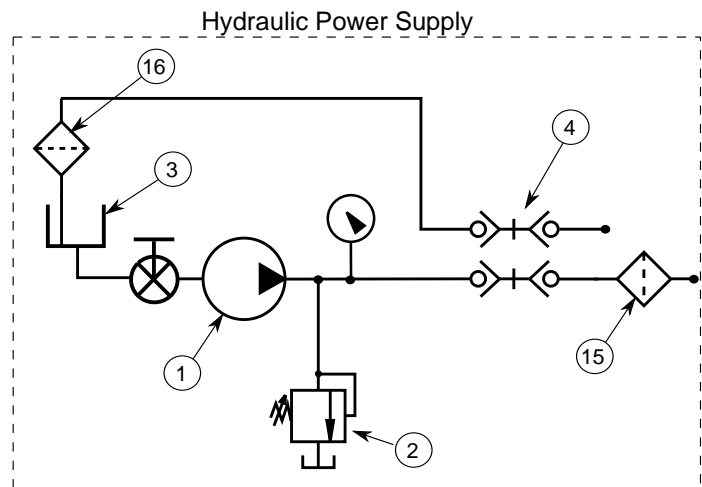
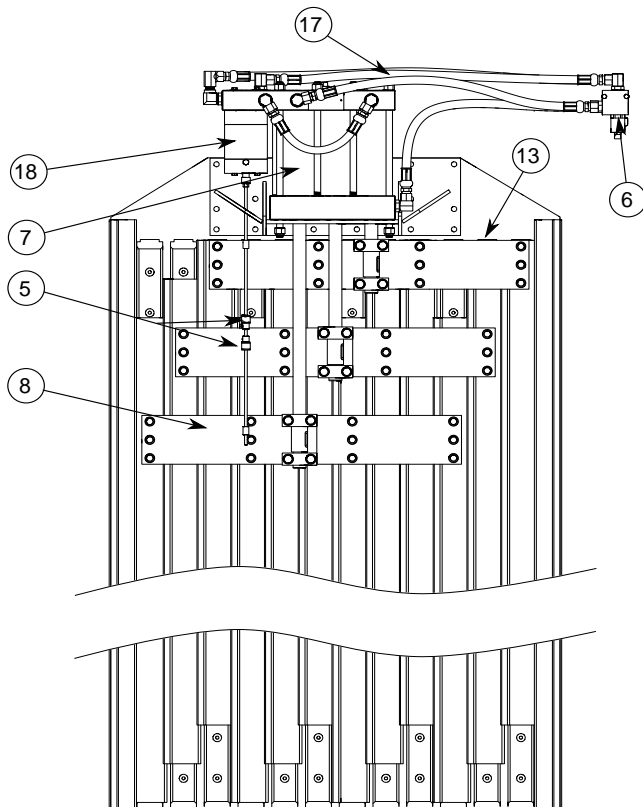
Troubleshooting Pictures

1. Hydraulic Pump.
2. Pressure Relief Valve.
3. Tank/Reservoir.
4. Quick Connect Couplers.
5. Switching Rod Bumpers.
6. Control Valve.
7. Pistons/Cylinders.
8. Cross-Drive Beams.
9. Front Poppet #1.

10. Front Poppet #2.
11. Rear Poppet #1.
12. Rear Poppet #2.
13. Slat ends at front wall.
14. Slats.
15. Pressure Filter.
16. Return Filter.
17. Hose Routing (Plumbing).
18. Switching Valve



View From Underneath



Switching Rod Adjustment

TIP The switching rod stops are typically pre-set at the factory. If the drive unit has been pre-assembled and the switching rod stop collars are tight, you may skip this section.

- a. Release and move stops "A" and "B" away from the front and rear triggers.
- b. Move the switching rod rearward toward the switching valve until it stops.

⚠ DANGER

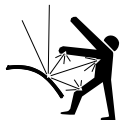
Avoid these hazards when the floor is moving:



The space between cross-drive beams.

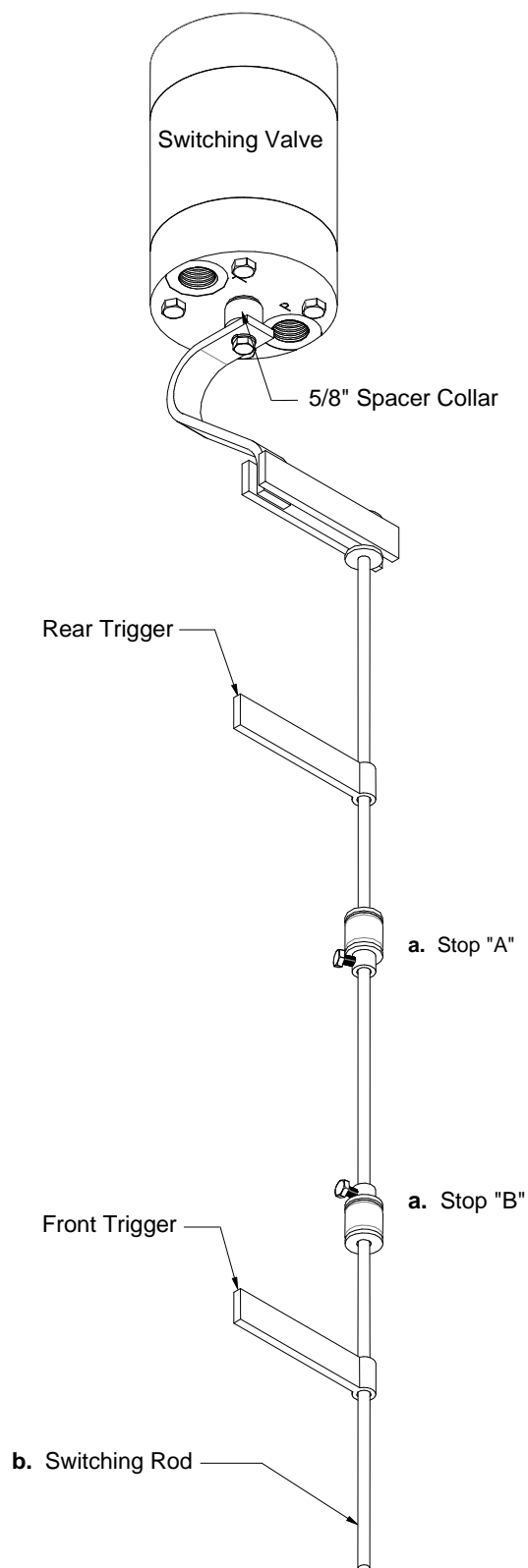
The space between shoe ends and the subdeck ends.

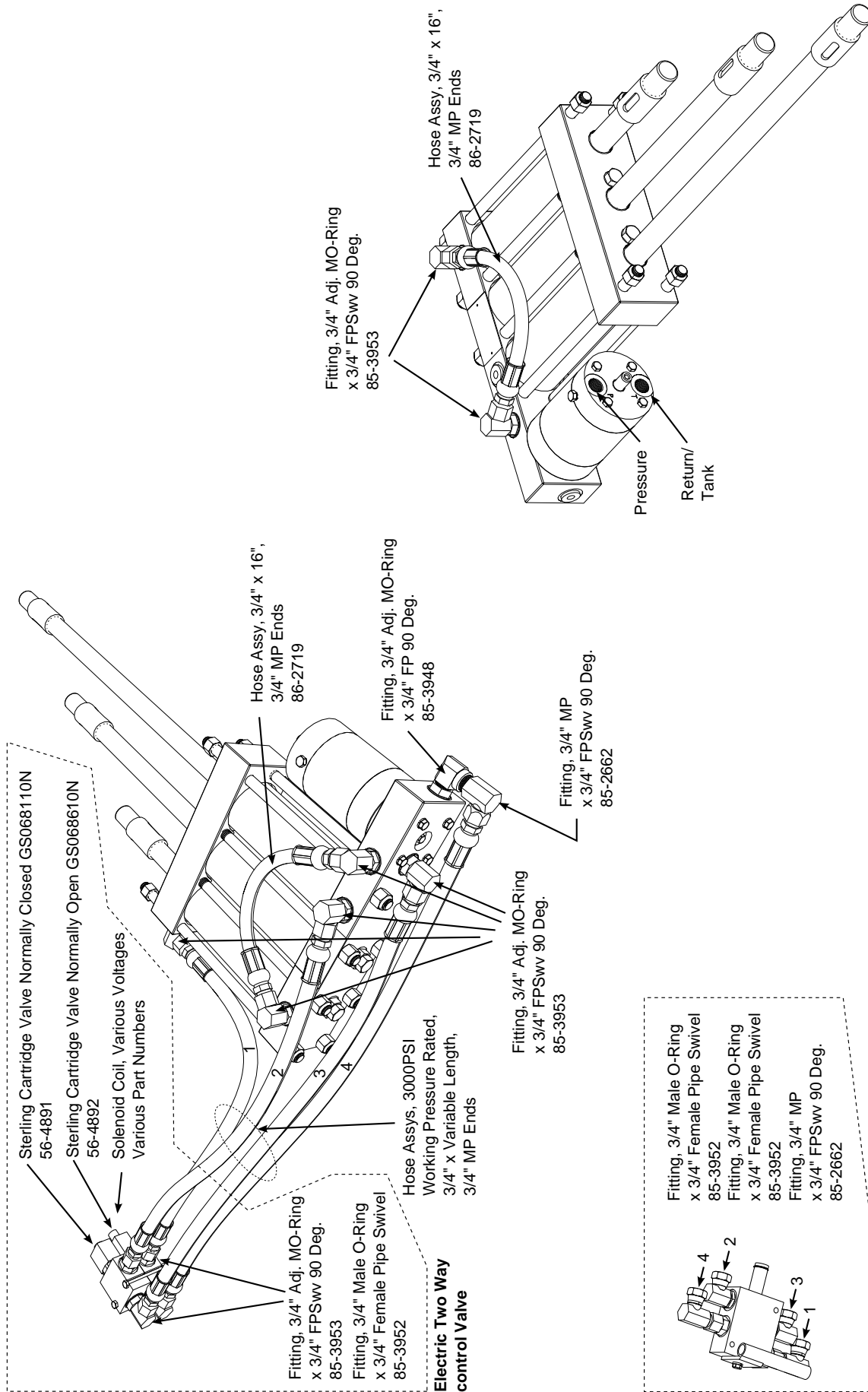
The end of the slats and the front wall.



Damaged or cut hydraulic hoses, fittings or tubing. A small hole in a hose or fitting will produce a stream of fluid that can pierce the skin injecting oil into your blood.

- c. Apply hydraulic pressure (load or unload mode) until the shafts are fully extended forward away from the switching valve, then shut off pressure.
- d. Move the switching rod away from the switching valve until it stops. Move and set stop "A" firmly against the rear trigger.
- e. Apply hydraulic pressure until the shafts are fully retracted rearward towards the switching valve, then shut off pressure.
- f. Move the switching rod rearward toward the switching valve until it stops. Move and set stop "B" firmly against the front trigger.
- g. Mark the positions of stops "A" and "B" on the switching rod.
- h. Apply hydraulic pressure to the cylinders until the triggers are free from the stops by at least 3/8". Shut off the pressure. Move stop "A" 3/8" [10 mm] toward the rear trigger and tighten firmly. Move stop "B" 3/8" [10 mm] toward the front trigger and tighten firmly.





One Way

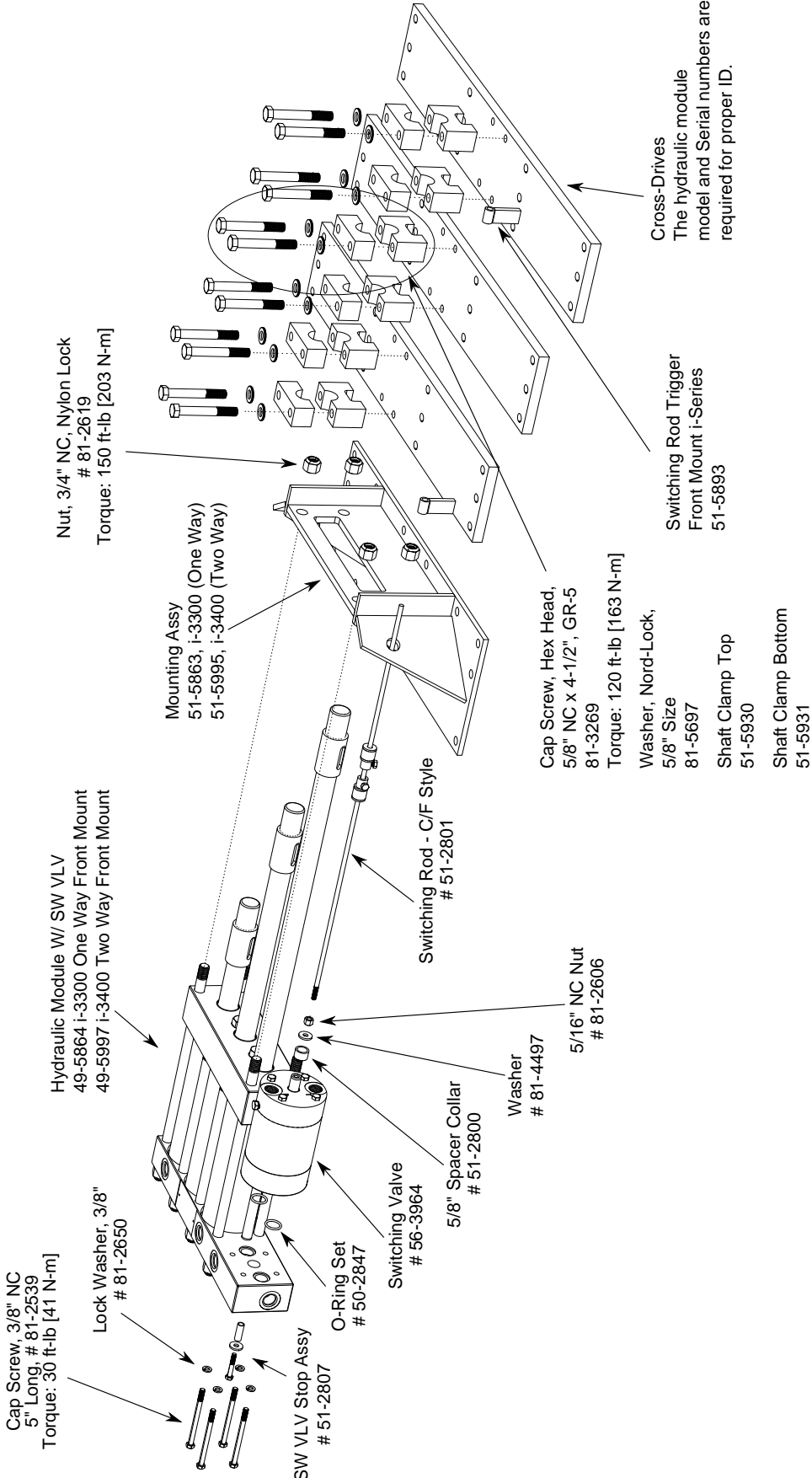
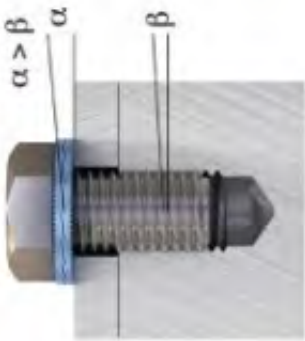
The control valve is excluded for the One Way. On-off control must be obtained by an external valve and/or by turning the PTO on and off.

Two Way

Parts Lists - Drive Unit

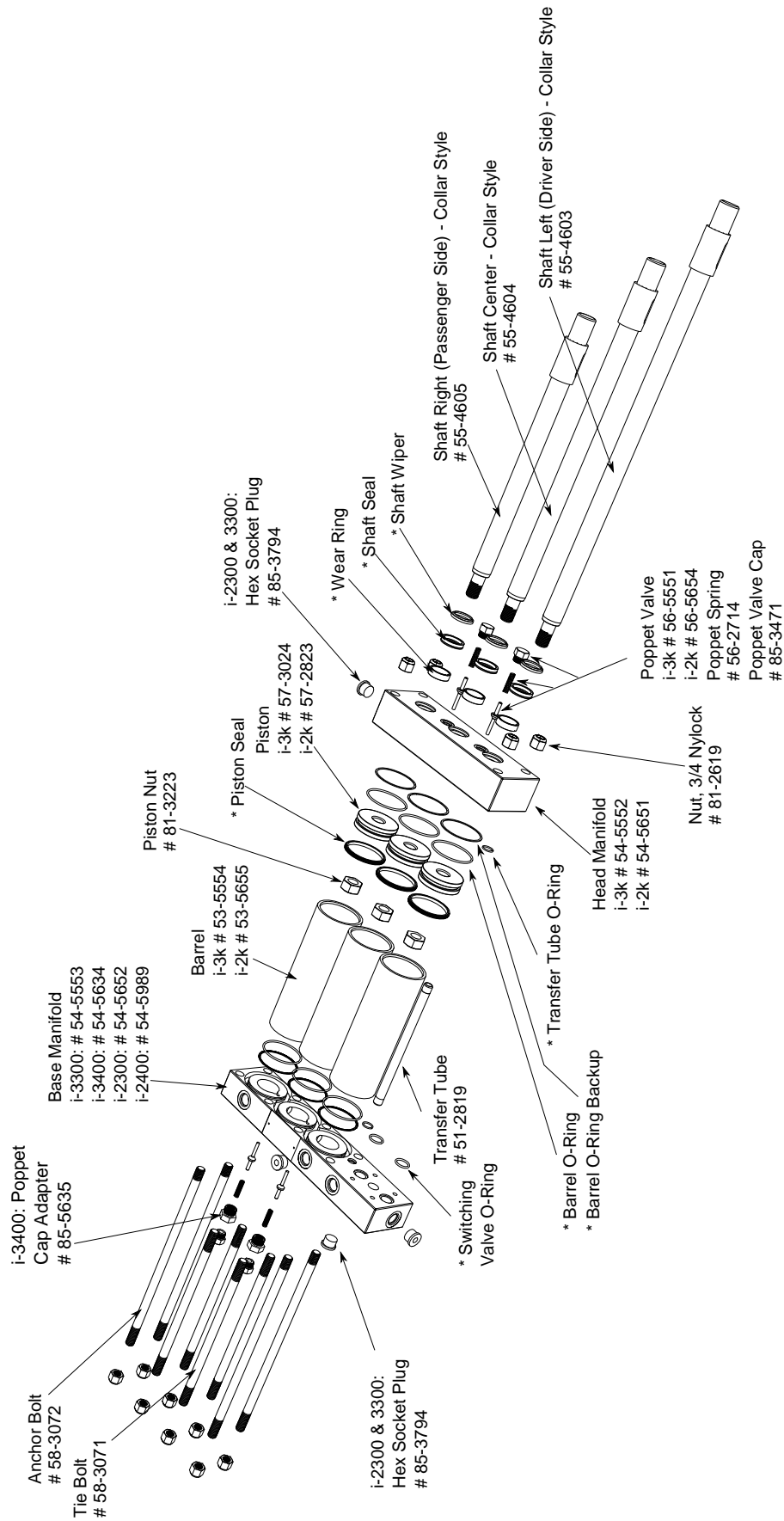
Nord-Lock® Washers are two washers in one. Each of the two washers has a coarse tooth side and a fine tooth side. When installing the washers make sure that the coarse sides of the two are facing each other.

NORD-LOCK® is a registered trademark of NORD-LOCK International AB



Parts Lists - Hydraulic Module

NOTE: All parts listed here are common to both the i-2000 and the i-3000 unless marked with i-2k (i-2000) or i-3k (i-3000). The serial number and model number are located on a stainless steel plate mounted on the top side of the Rear Base Manifold.



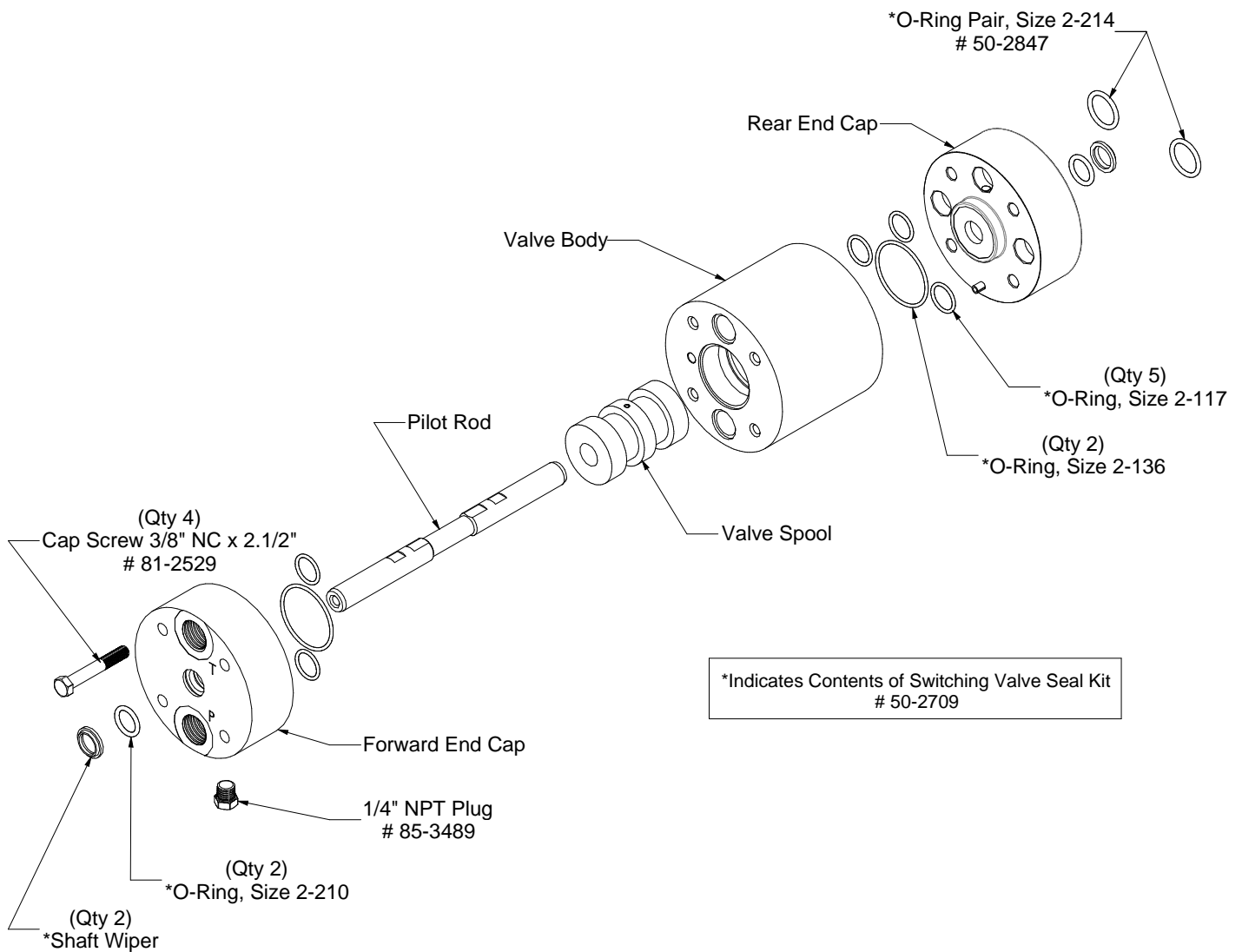
NOTE:

* Indicates contents of Seal Kit:

i-3k # 50-5640

i-2k # 50-5988

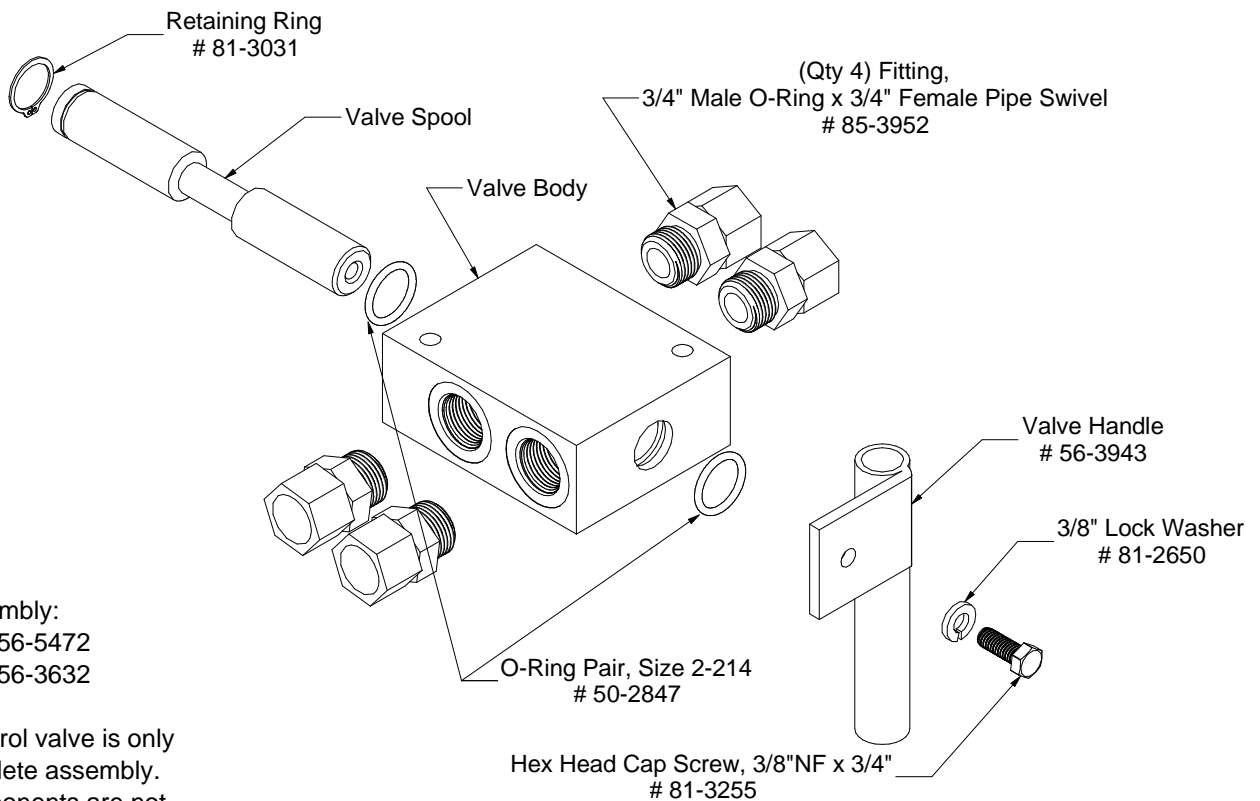
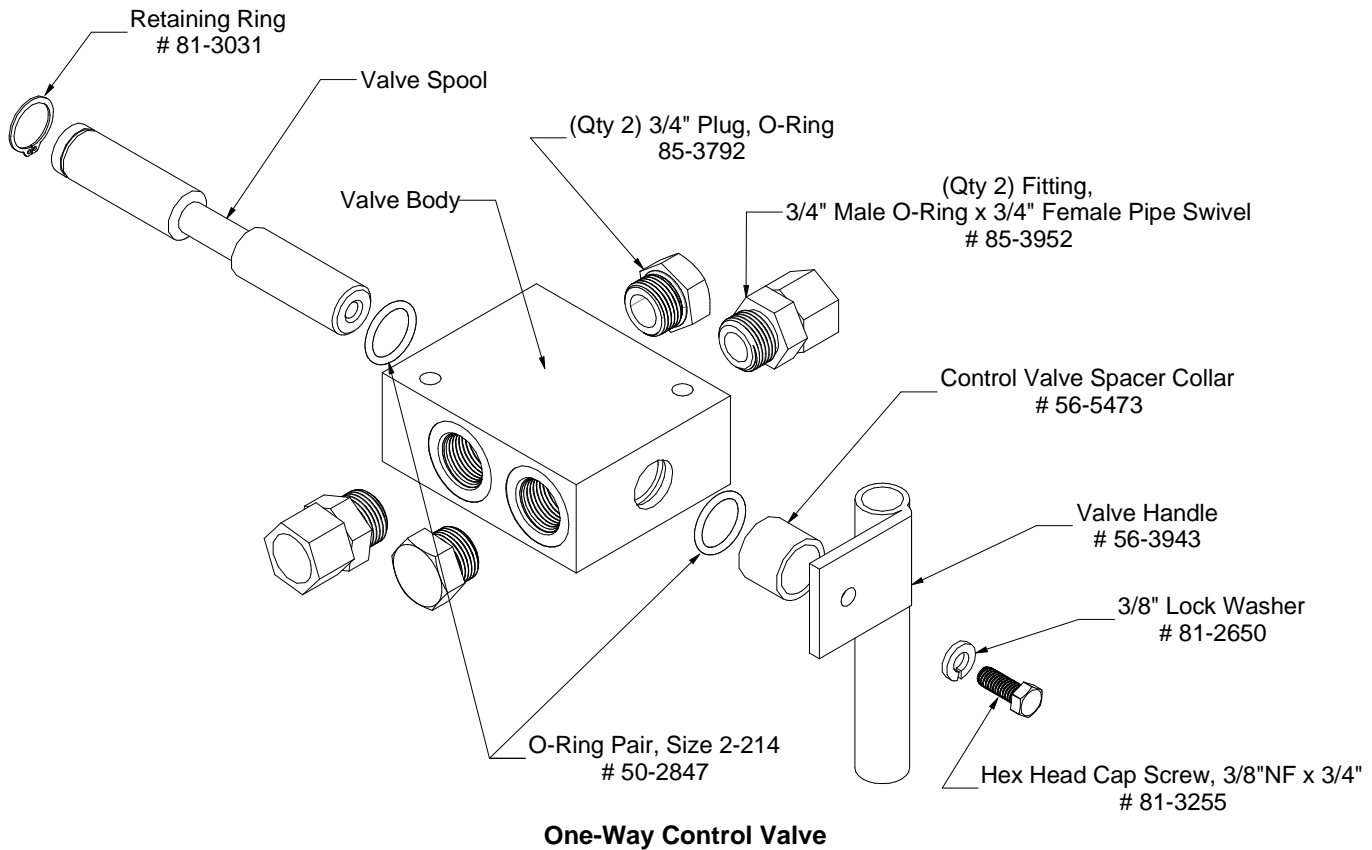
Parts Lists - Switching Valve



Complete Assembly: P/N 56-3964

Note: The switching valve is only sold as a complete assembly. Individual components are not sold separately.

Parts Lists - Control Valve



Complete Assembly:
One-Way: P/N 56-5472
Two-Way: P/N 56-3632

Note: The control valve is only sold as a complete assembly. Individual components are not sold separately.

Repair Guide - Hydraulic Module

Recommended Tools for Overhaul & Repairs

Part Number	Description	Comment
93-4333	Head Manifold Installation Tool	Included in tool kit, 93-4356
93-5500	Hydraulic Module Rebuild Fixture, i-Series	For bench-top overhauls
56-3712	Poppet Seating Tool, i-Series	Included in tool kit, 93-4356
86-2972	Pressure Gauge, 0-5000 PSI	Included in tool kit, 93-4356
93-4311	Rod Seal Insertion Tool	Included in tool kit, 93-4356
93-4708	3/4" Tie Bolt Installation Tool	For quick-driving the tie bolts

Hydraulic Module Overhaul

If the hydraulic module is accessible, it may be overhauled in-place. An advantage of doing this is that the shafts are kept from rotating by the cross drive clamps. This is useful since the piston nuts must be tightened with 300 ft-lbs [407 N-m] of torque. Some other advantages are that no heavy lifting is required and the shafts are always kept in proper alignment with the cross-drives.

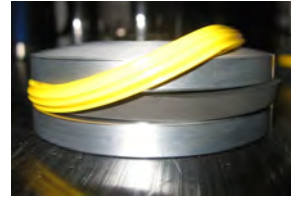
Depending on shop equipment available and the extent of the overhaul, it may be more convenient to remove the entire hydraulic module. An advantage of this is that the majority of the work would be done in a comfortable place.

Hydraulic modules may be shipped to Hallco for overhaul. Hallco recommends keeping the switching valve assembled in order to allow Hallco to fully test the overhauled module.

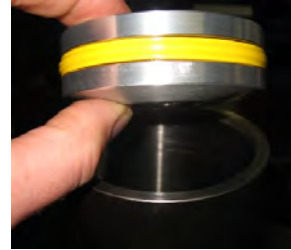
The following pages illustrate the assembly of a hydraulic module.

Repair Guide - Hydraulic Module Overhaul

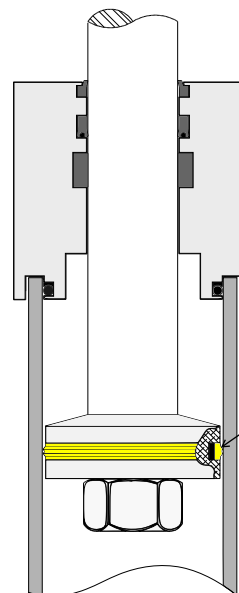
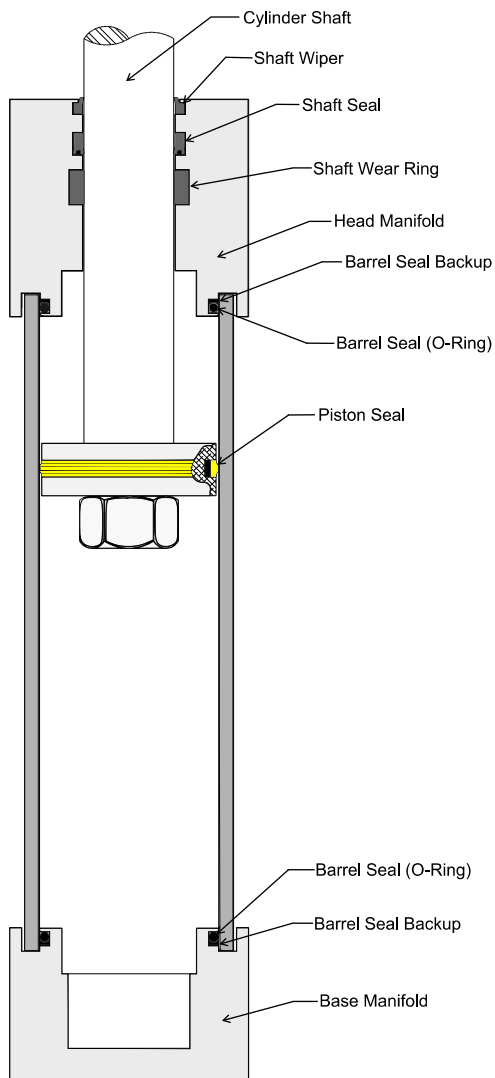
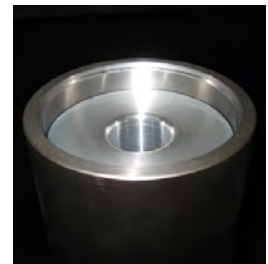
Slip the two part piston seals into the groove on each piston. The black base goes on first.



Apply oil to the piston seal before inserting into the barrel. Put the bevel side of the piston into the barrel first so that it is toward the head manifold when the barrel is placed over the shaft and onto the head.



Use a hydraulic press or other tool to push the piston into the barrel/cylinder. The flat surface of the piston should be around 1/2 inch [13mm] inside the barrel to make space for the o-ring boss on the base manifold.



i-2k: Orient Piston Bevel Toward Head Manifold.

Repair Guide - Hydraulic Module Overhaul

Before installing any seal be sure to inspect the seal and sealing surface/groove and remove any debris or rough surface.

Stretch a parabolic backup ring into each o-ring boss groove on the head and base manifolds. The cupped surface should face toward the inside of the barrel.

Then stretch an o-ring into the grooves so that the o-ring will be furthest toward the inside of the barrel. Be sure that the o-ring is sitting down in the groove all the way and not resting on the backup ring.

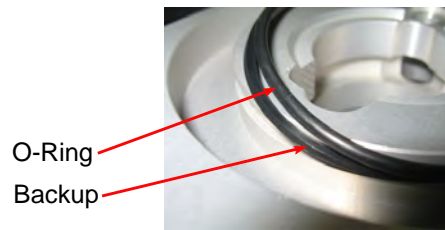
Wipe oil onto the o-rings. If they are not oiled the o-rings could be damaged when the barrel is slid over the o-ring boss.

Wipe oil onto the transfer tube o-rings and then insert them into the transfer tube grooves in the head and base manifolds.

Use the poppet seat tool and a hammer to form the seat for the poppet to seal against.

Fold the wear rings and insert them into the wide groove in the shaft holes.

Use the rod seal insertion tool to fold the shaft seal as shown. Insert the seal into the next groove up from the wear ring in the shaft holes. Orient the seal so that the wiper lip is toward the barrels.



Repair Guide - Hydraulic Module Overhaul

Use the rod seal insertion tool again to fold and install the shaft wiper seals. Orient the seal so that the wiper lip is directed away from the barrels.



Insert the poppet, spring and cap into the poppet ports in the head manifolds as shown. Apply oil to the poppet cap o-rings before inserting the caps.



Clean the portion of the shafts that will be inside the cylinder barrels. Inspect the chrome surface for dents, missing chrome or any other defect that would damage the seals.



Apply oil to the shaft seals and slide the heads onto the shafts. Orient the heads so that the centerline marks both face in the same direction.



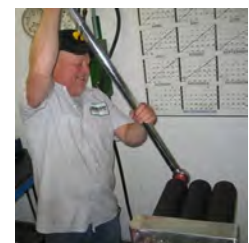
Use the head installation tool to draw the shafts through the shaft seals. Slide the heads onto the shafts so that the inside face of the heads is 11-1/4" [285 mm] from the end of the shafts.



Take a barrel with a piston installed in one of its ends and slide the open end without the piston over a shaft and push it over an o-ring boss. The threaded end of the shaft will slide into the piston hole. The end of the barrel should seat against the bottom of the o-ring boss slot. Do this on all of the shafts.



Thread the piston nuts on the shafts and tighten to 300 ft-lbs [407 N-m] torque against the pistons. The assembly jig is very helpful in keeping the shafts from turning when torquing the piston nuts!



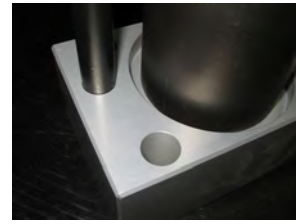
Repair Guide - Hydraulic Module Overhaul

Insert the transfer tubes into the head manifolds.

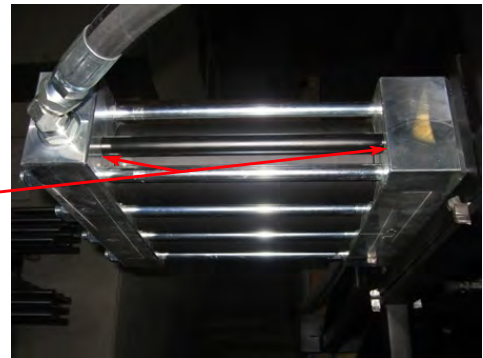
Insert the tie bolts through the four holes in the center of the bases and thread them into the heads. The tie bolt insertion tool makes it easier to turn the tie bolts. Sink the tie bolts into the heads as far as they will go.

Insert the base manifold o-ring bosses into the barrels and the transfer tubes into the base. Orient the bases so that the transfer tubes from the heads line up with the transfer tube ports in the bases.

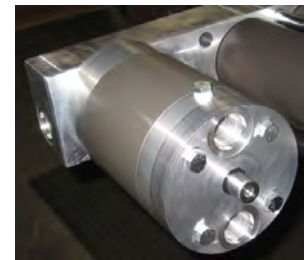
Tighten the tie bolt nuts but do not torque them until installing the module into the frame.



NOTICE Make sure that the transfer tube is inserted into both the head and the base before tightening the tie bolt nuts!



Insert the o-rings into the switching valve ports on the base then insert the four switching valve bolts through the base. Orient the switching valve so that the pressure gage port comes out toward the opposite side from the centerline marks on the head manifolds. Slide the switching valve onto the bolts and tighten the bolts to 30 ft-lbs [41 N-m].



Thread the switching valve stop assembly into the spool of the switching valve. Don't worry about torquing it yet.



Apply oil to the o-rings of each fitting before installing it. Use the plumbing illustrations on page 14 or 15 as a guide for the placement and orientation of each fitting.

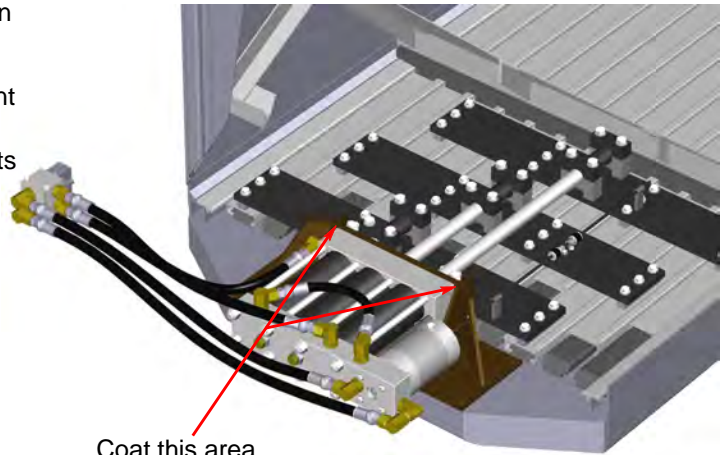
Apply teflon tape to any non-swivel pipe thread joint.



Repair Guide - Hydraulic Module Overhaul

Coat the steel mounting flanges with a galvanic corrosion inhibitor such as * ECK® corrosion prevention coating.

Move the module into place near the cross-drives. Orient the module so that the long base manifold is closest to the front end of the conveyor. Loosely fit the anchor bolts into the module before moving it into place.

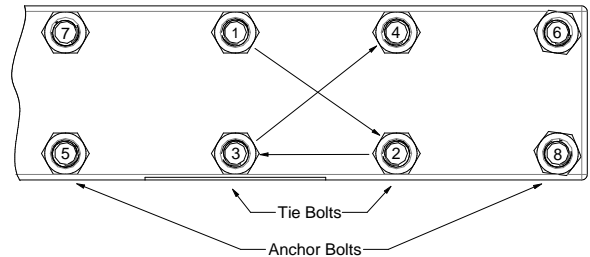


Coat this area with ECK or other anti-corrosion.

Fit the clamps over the shafts around the collars or blocks. Loosely thread the clamp bolts into place. Insert the anchor bolts into the mounting frame.

Torque the cross-drive clamp bolts to the value shown in the exploded view on page 15 (120 ft-lb [163 N-m]).

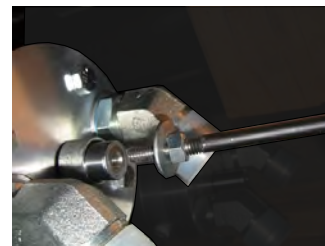
Tighten the tie and anchor bolts a little at a time following a cross pattern as illustrated so that the manifolds remain parallel as they are pressed towards each other. Torque the anchor bolts and tie bolts to 150 ft-lbs [203 N-m].



Tighten the tie and anchor bolts using a cross pattern.

Thread the switching rod through the trigger nearest the switching valve. Slide the switching rod bumper assemblies in place as shown here. Continue threading the switching rod through the next trigger.

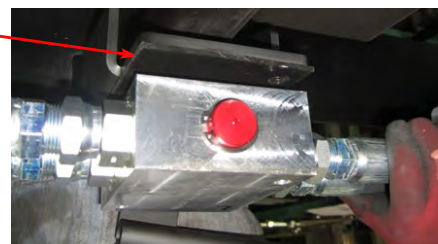
Place the 5/8" [16 mm] collar onto the switching rod end of the pilot rod. Install a nut and washer on the end of the switching rod and thread it into the end of the pilot rod. The bolt on the other end of the pilot rod may be held to keep the rod from rotating while the switching rod is tightened onto the pilot rod.



Hang the control valve in place insuring that the plastic spacer plate is between the steel hanger and the aluminum valve body. Torque the bolts to 30 ft-lbs [41 N-m].

Attach the hydraulic hoses using the illustrations on page 14 as a guide.

Spacer Plate



* ECK is a registered trademark of VAN NAY, LLC Corp. 389 Sundown Rd S. Elgin, IL 60177

Repair Guide - Switching Valve Overhaul

The **switching valve** can be overhauled to correct external seal leakage only — not bypass. If any of the major components require replacement, the entire valve will need to be replaced.

If the switching valve is a lot hotter than the other hydraulic components during operation then a large amount of oil is being bypassed. Send the switching valve to Hallco for testing or replace the valve entirely.

Disassembling the Switching Valve

Remove the cap screws which attach the end caps to the valve body.

Slide the end caps away from the valve body.

Remove the pilot rod and the spool.

Remove the o-rings and shaft wipers.

Inspecting the Switching Valve Components

Inspect the spool, pilot rod, spool bore, and pilot rod bores for scoring and burrs.

Inspect all the remaining seal areas. The seal areas must be smooth and free of scoring and burrs.

Inspect the fasteners and threaded holes for good thread engagement.

Reassembly of the Switching Valve

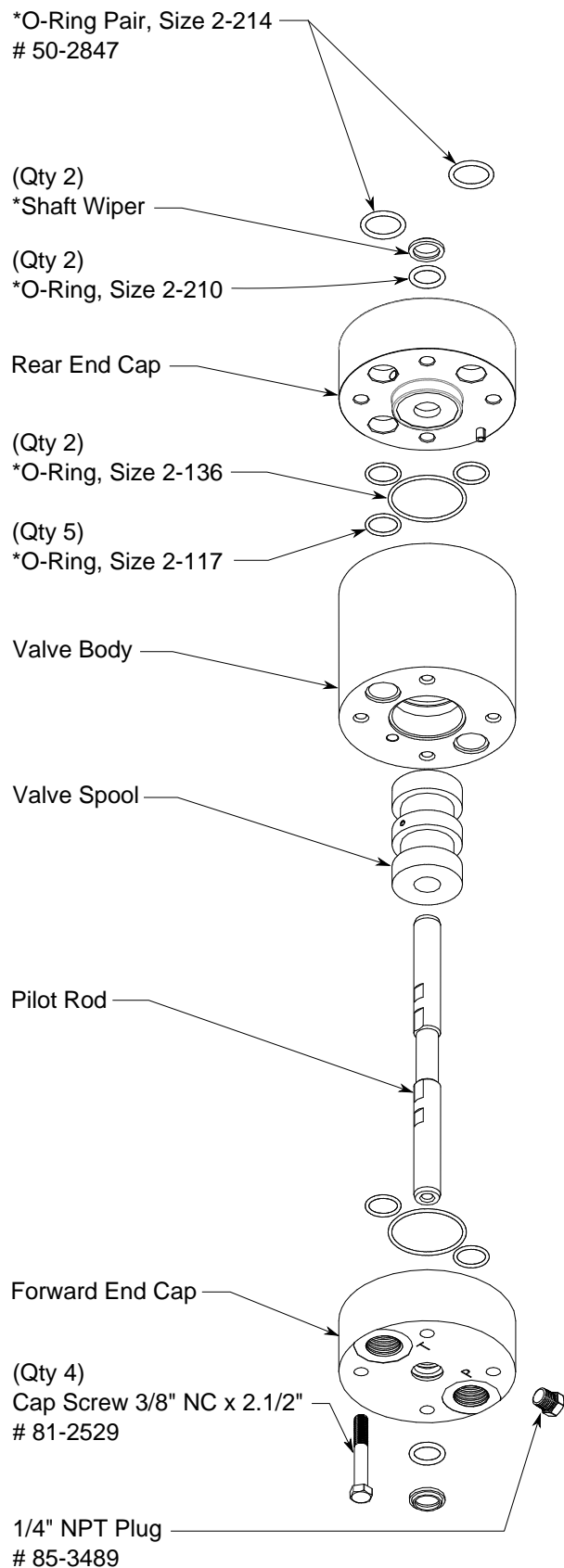
Hallco recommends replacing all the switching valve seals when overhauling the switching valve.

Lubricate the shaft wipers and o-rings with hydraulic fluid and install them in the end caps.

Lubricate the valve spool and pilot rod with hydraulic fluid and insert the spool into the valve body and the pilot rod into the spool. Center them on the valve body.

Place the o-rings which go between one of the end caps and the body in their respective seal grooves and slide on the end cap. Note the location of the alignment pin. Repeat for the other end cap.

Install the cap screws which hold the forward end cap on, snug them up, then torque them to 30 ft-lbs [41 N-m]. Use two of the same size cap screws to hold the rear end cap snug until it is ready to be installed on the hydraulic module.



*Indicates Contents of Switching Valve Seal Kit
50-2709

Complete Switching Valve Assembly #56-3964

Repair Guide - Control Valve Overhaul

The control valve can be overhauled to correct external leakage only. If the valve has excessive internal bypass, it will need to be replaced entirely.

Disassembling the Control Valve

Remove the cap screw and lock washer which attach the valve handle to the spool. Note: If the spool turns so that the screw cannot be removed, hold the end of the spool at the opposite end beyond the retaining ring with locking pliers or similar. Do not grip the area which slides in the valve body.

Remove the spacer collar (one-way only).

Remove the spool by sliding it toward the retaining ring side. Note that the retaining ring does not have to be removed.

Remove the two o-rings from the valve body.



Reassembling the Control Valve

Prior to reassembly inspect all components for wear and damage. Do not reinstall defective components.

Replace the two o-rings in the valve body with new o-rings. Lubricate the o-rings with hydraulic fluid before installing them.

Install the retaining ring on the spool, if it was removed.

Lubricate the spool with hydraulic fluid and insert it into the valve body.

Attach the valve handle with the cap screw and lock washer.



NOTICE

**Deck bolts must be re-torqued after the first 5-10 loads!
Failure to do this will result in damage to the slats and drive unit!!!**

WARRANTY

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WARRANTY SERVICE OPTIONS. For service under this warranty, Customer must notify Company in writing to obtain a Returned Material Authorization Number (RMAN). When requesting your written RMAN, specify in writing the part in question by part number & applicable purchase order number. Customers in countries other than the United States should contact Company's authorized representative in such country, when applicable.

WARRANTY EXCLUSIONS. Representatives of Company are not authorized to modify this warranty in any way. It is the Customer's responsibility to regularly examine the product to determine the need for normal service or replacement. This warranty does not cover the following:

- Products that have been modified, altered, neglected or poorly maintained, misused, abused or involved in accidents or natural disasters, or repaired other than by Company in accordance with these warranty procedures;

- Damage occurring during shipment of the product. (Such claims must be presented directly to the freight company).
- Damage to the product resulting from improper maintenance or repair, the use or installation of parts and or accessories not manufactured by Company, or which are not compatible with the system, or failure to follow product warnings and usage instructions.
- Normal wear and tear.
- Any product for which Customer does not follow the warranty procedures stated above.

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